STABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1880.

ATREE INDICATIONS TO-DAY. or Tennesses and the Ohio valley, clea

HE question now agitating the mind of average American is: "If Tanner is sucsful, what effect will it have on American els and boardinghouses?"

ies as chief of police, and that he would make an excellent sheriff.

he APPEAL yesterday, Leubrie's Theater

law, which Hancock glorified in his governors and legislators are the un-

without even the shadow of truth for a

n annual convention at Saratoga, New and conditions which promote banking ty, and thu, develop the industry, made the susfulness of the association depends to dispatch reinforcements to India immediately. The khan of the table, he said, had offered guns and other assistance.

The St. James Gazette says the news from Afghanistan shows that yesterday's telegrams exaggerated General Burrows's defeat. Candabar ought to be perfectly safe. It was successfully defended in the old Afghan war with forces inferior to those of third, Diamond fourth, Centella fifth. Time of the meeting, and thus and dresses will be the monstrous Afghanistan blunder of they owed an apology to the public for not so ruling, as the time made, 2:31; was an insult to the torf. In starting the races to-day, the judges warned the drivers to trot to the rule and drive to win.

Pools sold as follows: Parrana, the favorite, two to one against the field in the 2:30 class. And in the free for all, St. Julien was barred; Darby, 100; Hopeful, 35; Trinket, 22; Great Eastern, 10. The 2:30 class was won by Parrana; Calamus second, Edwin Thorne third, Diamond fourth, Centella fifth. Time —2:35, 2:23, 2:244. In the free for all, St. Julien won; Darby second, Hopeful third, I time—2:35, 2:23, 2:244. In the free for all, St. Julien won; Darby second, Hopeful third, I time—2:35, 2:38, 2:2174.

A NATION IN MOURNING.

at Candahar-General Burrows's Forces Cut to Pieces by the Afghans Under the Ameer,

Ayoob Khan.

Munitions not Yet Ascertained-The Effect in England-Comments of the British Press-In Parliament,

London, July 29.—The following is Reuter's dispatch from Simla announcing the defeat of the British: "General Burrows has been severely defeated by Ayoob Kuan, sustaining great loss. His forces were dispersed and compelled to fly, being pursued three miles. They are now straggling back to Candahar in driblets. Two guns were lost."

It is believed at the war office that General Burrows's force consisted of E battery of B brigade, royal borse artillery, the Third regiment of Scinde horse, a detachment of the Sixty sixth foot, consisting of fourteen officers and four hundred and seventy men, the First Bombay native infantry, and the Nineteenth Bombay native infantry, making a total of about twenty-seven hundred men.

General Burrows's brigade was detached from the Candahar garrison to co-operate LONDON, July 29 .- The following is Rau

General Burrows's brigade was detached from the Candahar garrison to co-operate with Shere Ali, the British-appointed wali of Candahar, against Ayoob Khan, aspirant to the ameership, and when Shere Ali ordered his forces to retire toward Grirsbi his infantry deserted in a body, but were pursued by General Burrows, who recovered the guns and wagons they had carried off. Weakened by the desertion of Shere Ali's infantry, General Burrows effected a retrogade movement to Kushni Nakad, thirteen miles nearer Candahar. Ayoob Khan's forces had movement to Kushni Nakad, thirteen miles nearer Candahar. Ayoob Khan's forces had a sched the Helmund river ab we Girishj, and spies reported that he had crossed that river at Hyderabad, and that four thousard Ghasis had joined him, while parties of cavalry were foraging near the British camp. It would seem as if the Indian government felt some misgivings with regard to General Burrown's position. For a tortnight the reserve division in Sciade was placed under orders for active service. The division comprises g battery of artillery, one battalion of

orders for active service. The divis on comprises a battery of artillery, one battalion of British and two regiments of native infantry, and one regiment of native cavalry. By moving the force quietly to the Iront the Quettah and Pischen contingents can be relieved for active duty under General Phayre. Ayoob Khan's forces will doubtless make a rush at Candahar, but, as the recent crop reports are very satisfactory, the garrison will probably be well provisioned. Chaman, where General Phayre's force will concentrate, is about half-way between Quettah and Candahar, and ninety miles from the latter place. The governor of Bombay's telegram says: "We can send another brigade if necessary."

coming in with as large a force as you can; small parties of General Burrows's force are constantly arriving; it would appear that they were only pursued three or four miles; I have not yet ascertained the losses, but fear they are severe; have sent out men to assist straggiers; the enemy are very strong in ar-tillery; they have thirty five guns, which they work well; General Burrows and the wali (Sheik Ali) are all right; the latter has reached Candabar; Dr. Harvey says only two of our gues were lost; the others are coming in. Here follows a list of eight British of-ficers killed and five wounded. Nine officers arrived safely at Candahar. This sall we

A Bombay dispatch says that news of the disaster was brought to Candahar by thirty Indian horsemen, who had ridden for their lives. Great anxiety is felt concerning the garrison of Khelatigilzsi, censisting of four guns, a squadron the Third Scinde horse, two companies Sixty-sixth regiment, the Fourth regiment of Bombay native intantry and one company of the Twesty-sixth regiment Bombay active infantry.

A Bombay correspondent telegraphs that the fact that only two guns were lost leaves ground for hope that a portion of Burrows's force was enabled to escape with the other

force was enabled to escape with the other four guss.

Shortly after midsight a telegram was received at the India office from the viceroy, informing the government of the arrangements for the dispatch of troops from Quettah and Bombay. Nothing defiaste is yet known of the attack on General Burrows's force.

A correspondent of the Standard at Bombay says: "The news from Candahar has caused immense excitement throughout India. It has been regarded so perfectly certain that General Burrow's forces were perfectly capable of opposing Ayoob Khan's irregulars that no shadow of anxiety was felt for its safety. The viceroy summoned his council in haste the instant the news of the disaster arrived, and, although some hope was expressed that the report of losses had been exaggerated, there is nothing in the latest news at hand to excourage the hope that any considerable body of infantry has expected at the India office from the viceroy, informing the government of the arrangements for the dispatch of troops from Quettah and Bombay. Nothing defiaste is yet known of the attack on General Burrows's force.

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the absolute necessity of a complete revindication of our arms."

It is reported that the government has decided to send out reinforcements.

The news has caused great excitement in the house of commons. The Marquis of Hartington, secretary of state for India, is expected to make a further statement to day.

The Standard says that one distinct and fixed purpose is that our supremacy must be signally and effectually vindicated, and the crushing disaster avenged in the sight of Afghanistan and India.

It is not known whether General Burrows himself is saved. The queen was immediately telegraped on receipt of the news, and all the ministers had an informal conference. The date of the attack is not given, but the military authorities believe that it

but the military authorities believe that it took place on Saturday or Sunday last.

The Times, in its financial article, says the disaster depressed eastern exchange and weakened Indian securities.

thirty thousand Afghans.

Earl Granville stated in the house of lords to day that General Phayre is at Chaman Choki, and that communication is cut off between him and General Pimrose. General Phayre says General Pimrose's only form are in a scarcity of water. A dispatch from Simila says: "General Primrose's last message stated that the report of the disaster was straggerated, but the loss was severe,"

In the free for all, St. July 2.223,

Reinforcements were already on the way when the defeat occurred. Generals Sandeman and Phayre are already marching on Candahar, and two or more regiments should have reached Candahar by this time. Two strong brigades, with artillery and cavalry, will be sent from India.

A later dispatch from Bombay says the native mind is greatly excited by Candahar. The bazars are full of rumors. The natives think the Russians assisted Ayoob Khan and led his troops. The last telegram from Candahar stated that all discipline in Burrows's command had disappeared, and a disorderly crowd of officers and soldiers was pouring into Candahar.

The news of the disaster in Afghanistan

The news of the disaster in Afghanistan has caused the deepest sorrow in Ireland. So profound an impression has not been produced on the public mind since the first battle of the Crimea.

THE UTES

Still Decline to Sign the Treaty as Presented by the Commission.

LARE CITY, Con., July 29.—A dispatch from Los Pinos, dated the twenty-seventh instant, says: "The commissioners held a council yesterday. The Indians still decline to sign the treaty in its present form. Objections were raised at the last meeting to their removal to the junction of the Gunnison and Grand siyers on account of the received. their removal to the junction of the Gunnison and Grand rivers, on account of the poor soil in that locality. An opportunity was offered for the chiefs and head men to come forward and sign the treaty, but not takingle Indian accepted the invitation. The commission will brook no further delay, and have given the Utes until to-morrow to decide what course they will pursue."

A NASHVILLE FIRM

I Stock Dealers Temporarily Get the Best of the Louisville and Nash-ville Railroad.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 29.—The order given by the Louisville and Nashville road prohibiting the delivery of stock to Coe & Milsom at their plattorm, at Nashville, after July 31st, is a source of universal comment. It is regarded as an assumption of power entirely unwarranted, as the effect of it is to prevent any competition of any firm with the Union stock-yard. Coe & Milsom have been dealers for a long term of years, having established themselves at the Louisville depot, where stock has heretofore been delivered. They claim in their application to Judge John Baxter for a writ of injunction that if the order was allowed to be carried out their tusiness would be destroyed and out their tusiness would be destroyed and their property greatly damaged. They also assert that the general traffic manager, Stahlman, is a stockholder in the Union stock-yard. The injunction was filed to-day in the United States circuit court, and the writ served on the road restraining them from carrying their order into effect. THE TURBULENT TURK

To be Brought to Book, if it Takes All

if necessary."

The following dispatch has been received from the governor of Bombay: General Phayre, replying to a telegram asking all the articulars of the disaster, telegraphs from of the Berlin conference."

London, July 29—A Vienna dispatch says: "The powers are fully determined to carry out to the last extremity the decisions of the Berlin conference."

Consul reports confirm the rumors that hostilities have commenced between the Albanians and the Montenegrins.

A Berlin dispatch says: "Lord Odo Russell, British ambassador, was formally instructed to demand from the Berlin cabinet an explanation regarding the mission of Herr Witendorf to Constantinople and the reply

A correspondent at Constantinople gives a full text of the Porte's reply to the collective note, which concludes by asking the powers to authorize their representatives at Constantinople to come to an understanding with the

tinople to come to an understanding with the Porte with a view to facilitate the negotiations in regard to the fixation of the frontier. In the house of commons this evening, Sir the house of commons this evening, Sir the house of the porte's reply to the collective note of the powers.

In the house of lords this evening, Earl Granville, foreign secretary, replying to an inquiry, said that communications have passed between Queen Victoria and the sultan of Turkey with the knowledge and consent of the government. It was unusual to present such communications to parliament, but he would state that the queen had in very cordial terms expressed the hope that the sultan would, even at some sacrifice, accede to the wishes of Europe.

Constantinople, July 29.—The Porte's reply to the collective note of the powers is deferential in tone, but affords no ground for hope that Turkey will accept the decisions of the Berlin conference.

the Berlin conference.

Abeddin Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, has promised to cede the Dulsigno district to Montenegro.

SPORTING NOTES.

Third Day of the Guedwood.

London, July 29 — This is the third day of the Goodwood meeting. The race for the Singleton stakes was won by Peter; Phenix second, Parole third. The Goodwood cup was won by Dresden; China Chippendale second. The third race, for the racing stakes, was won by Lorillard's filly, Nereid; Grantham second.

Trotting Conference. Lexingron, Kr., July 29.—A conference of the Lexington, Louisville and Cynthiana trotting associations was held here to day. The action of the Chicago convention of delegations from the western and southern circuits was ratified. The Kentucky trotting meetings will be held in Louisville, Ostober 5th; Lexington, Ostober 12th, and Cynthiana Ostober 19th.

Base Ball Yesterday. Bosron, July 29.-Clevelands, 0; Bostons TROY, N. Y., July 29 .- Buffalos, 2; Troys

PROVIDENCE, July 29 .- Providence, 8 WORCESTER, July 29 .- Worcesters, 3 Baratoga Races.

Saratoga, July 29.—The weather was leasant, the attendance large and the track good.

First Race.—Three-fourths of a mile; won by Gircfie; Dan Sparling (the favorite) second. Susquehanna third. Time—1:162.

Second Race.—One and three quarter miles; Ferncliffe won; Elias Lawrence second, Dawn third. Time—3:0914.

Third Race.—One mile and a furlong; Governor Hampton won; Redman second, Terror third. Time—1:5914.

In the steenle-chase of two and three quarters.

In the steeple-chase of two and three quarter miles Pomeroy won; Disturbance second, Franklin distanced. Time—5:30.

SLOWLY WEARING OUT.

Dr. Tanner's Condition Yesterday Morning Such as to Thoroughly Frighten His Physicians - A Deplorably Weak Stomach with Retching and Vomiting.

and Toward Evening Regains Composure-Eight Days More of Torture Before Him, Unless He Sooner Fails.

NEW YORK, July 29.—There was a decided change for the worse in Dr. Tanner's condition to-day. He is weaker than at any time during the fast, and his eyes are dull and heavy. At noon he was suffering from pain, though he denied. The evident symptoms were so alarming during the moraing that physicians decided to have beef extract, warm water and brandy ready for an emergency. The doctor is much troubled with wind in the stomach, and while making light of the symptoms, he says if anything serious sets in he will at once break fast.

AT ONE O'CLOCK THIS MORNING three counces of warm water were given him to relieve the pain. Four hours later he complained, and asked for a few drops of peppermint, which was refused. He sought relief by pounding his ribs. After his return from his usual morning walk he was given a little ice-water and a small piece of ice. He scon after vomited nearly one and a half ounces of mucuous, tinged with bile. He was weak and helpless for nearly an hour afterward. At one time he took warm foot-baths to relieve the coegestion of the stomach, by increasing the activity of the blood circulation. He thinks he has caught a slight cold. He was asleep when the thirty-second day was entered on, at noon. hree ounces of warm water were given him

AT 3:20 THIS AFTERNOON hand and 75 on the left. Dr. Gunn then applied the sphygmograph to his wrist and said tracings were as good as could be expected. At four o'clock the doctor walked briskly to the lower hall, where his weight was found to be 127½ pounds, a loss of half a pound in twenty-four hours. He then called for some carbonic acid water, which was brought him and of which he drank four ounces. He then laid down and was covered with blankets, the air being very cool. At forty-five minutes after six o'clock the doctor went out and got a warm bath. At eight o'clock he entered the large hall and lay down on his cot, when he appeared to fail asleep shortly af erward.

AT 1:25 THIS MORNING AT 1:25 THIS MORNING he was resting quietly, seemingly in a sound

THE GERMANS AND DR. PORTER.

Casino and Menmercher - The Choruses and Speeches on

remarks, and Mr. A. B. Vaccaro pledged the support of the Nationals to Dr. Porter, whom he complimented as he deserved. Mr. Wil-liam Alt then thanked Dr. Porter for his hospitality, and, after a few songs, the large and enthusiastic company took the cars so kindly furnished by Superintendent Barret and returned to the city.

Prof. Schultz lead the chorns, and Mr.
Specht, the well known caterer of Madison street, furnished the refreshments.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

EDITORS APPEAL—I am requested by Prof. Hyacinthe Paechiotti to have the correct date of the coming international congress of hygiene at Turin announced in the American papers. The congress will open September 6th and close September 12.h—not in August, as has been wrongly announced. The king, the ministers, the mayor, the prefect, and all the officials will take part. The minister of foreign affairs take part. The minister of foreign affairs invites all foreign governments to send delegates. A reduction of thirty per cent. on the

JOHN K ALLEN.

LANSING, MICH., July 26, 1880.

Shaw's Insult to White Women. EDITORS APPRAL—At the Republican meeting on the bluff on the evening of the twenty-seventh, Messrs. Bigelow and Shaw seemed to have a first-class time of it. They

had it all their own way. Mr. Bigelow sup-ported Shaw and Shaw supported Mr. Bige-Cleveland Races.

Cleveland Races.

The gadge rand a knave, and, therefore, in order to be a cousistent and conscilentious man, when I am in the south I am compelled to be a cousistent and conscilentious man, when I am in the south I am compelled to be a cousistent and conscilentious man, when I am in the south I am compelled to be a cousistent and conscilentious man, when I am almost tendance. I am almost tendance. It am almost to be personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a falschood. Now for El Shaw, the self-day in the personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a falschood. Now for El Shaw, the self-day in the personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a personal here, knowing, as I do, that to half tell the truth is often equal to a personal be free, and that still believe; but when those who should know better, and act as Ed Shaw does, then I say, whites, protect yourselves and the honor of your wives, daughters and ladies generally. Does the sweet-scented Ed Shaw not know that there is a law prohibit-ing a while

a worthy man on their ticks. Too not object to voting for him—no, it would be a pleasure for me to do so—but until then let them consult their own interest by keeping quiet. If they choose to force the color line upon us, we will take up the gaustlet, and the conclusion will prove to them that they have done wrong and that they have only injured their best interests. I would say to every respectable colored man and every white man, youte the Democratic tickst. It will is for the good of all. Especially vote for Coief Athy, a man of weight, honor and capacity. He will fill the effice with profit to all and with credit to himself.

OBSERVER.

POLITICAL OLLA PODRIDA

National Convention of the Sore-heads of Both Parties-Their Preference for President. States—The West Virginia Demoeratic State Convention.

New Jersey Democratic State Conven-TRENTON, July 29.—The Democratic State Democratic Congressional Nominations in Texas.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—The Democrats of the fifth Texas district nominated Hon. S. Sheppard for congress.

Sr. Louis, July 29.—The Greenbackers of the eighteenth Illinois district havenominated Rutherford for congress. LOUISVILLE, July 29.—The Republicans of the third Indiana district have Inominated

Republican Congressional Nomina-tions in Pennsylvania.

CHESTER, PA., July 29.—The Republicans of this district nominated William Ward for re-election to congress.

Democratic Congressional Nomination : In Ohio.

Marietta, July 29.—The Democratic congressional convention of the fifteenth district this morning rominated General A. J. More of Weaver's Wind.

Whereling, W.Va., July 29.—General Weaver, the nominee of the Greenback party for President, addressed a large meeting at Martinsburg this evening. He speaks in this city Salurday evening.

PORTLAND, July 29.—The Democrats of the first conpressional district nominated Samuel J. Anderson for representative, and the Greenbackers of the same district indersed the nomination.

WHERLING, July 29.— The Democratic State convention, in session at Martinsburg, which adjourned at one o'clock last night to meet to day and complete the ticket, reassembled at nine o'clock this morning. Judge Greene was renominated for the appraisa Greene was renominated for the supreme court; C. C. Watts, of Charleston, was nomicourt; C. C. Watts, of Charleston, was nominated for attorney-general; B. L. Butcher, of Randolph county, for state superintendent of schools; E. W. Wilson, of Kanawha county, and Ely Cracroft, of Ohio county, for Presidential electors at large. The State tickst as completed is as follows: For governor, Jacob J. Jackson; auditor, Joseph S. Miller; treasurer, Thomas O'Brien; judge of supreme court, Thomas Greene; attorney-general, C. C. Watts; superintendent of schools, B. L. Butcher. 12

Republican Congressional Nemina-tions in Ohio.

The Republican bolters of this district met to-day and unanimously nominated C. B. Lockwood for congress. They hope to force the withdrawal of Hos. Amos Townsend, the regular nominee. Both factions are as bitter and determined as at first. National Convention of the All-Sorts

Privature, July 29—The Independent Peoples Labor convention assembled in Sharon resterday for the purpose of selecting candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States. W. H. Taylor, chairman of the National committee, called the convention to order. convention to order. After a brief address, the election for permanent officers was held, and resulted in the selection for chairman of B. S. Smith, of Virginis; secretary, John L. Jones, of Pittsburg.

The chair appointed J. R. Rogers, Indiana, N. Venhany, Connecticut, R. Sullivan, Iowa, a committee on credentials. They reported fifteen States represented, each State being entitled to fifteen votes.

On motion of Jones, of New York, the convention went into nominations.

rention went into nominations.

Taylor, of Cleveland, presented the name of Senator James A. Garfield, seconded by Perkins, of Onio.

Jones, of New York, presented the name of General Hancock, seconded by Johnson, of Jones.

Iowa.

Mr. Linder, of Maine, presented the name of General Weaver, and was seconded by Mr. Spalding, of West Virginia.

Total vote cast, 225. General Garfield receiving twenty-five majority over all, the nomination was then made unanimous.

General Arthur was then nominated for Vice President by acclamation.

The convention adjacence amid great en-The convention adjourned amid great en-

NEW LONDON, July 29.—During the Nar-agansett investigation to-day, a passenger estified that his wife and himself got on a raft and persons constantly got on board of her from the water until there were forty or fifty, and she was about twelve inches under the water. This raft was in charge of Mr Buck, of Portland, and a sailor from the Tenby somebody on the raft and was the only one they had on board. He believed the old woman referred to was drowned. He thought there were from twenty-five to thirty in the boat, but was not sure. There was pienty of

joined the Louisville and Nashville and Great Southern railroad from carrying out an order prohibiting the delivery of live stock to any yard other than the Union stock-yard. The San Francisco, July 29.—John H. Clementshaw was convicted of perjury this morning in the superior court. He is the witness who swore so strongly that Charles De Young fired a shot at I. M. Kalloch.

San Francisco, July 29.—John H. Clementshaw was convicted of perjury this morning in the superior court. He is the witness who swore so strongly that Charles De Young fired a shot at I. M. Kalloch.

Shaw not know that there is a law prohibiting a man of his color, should there be one found so low as to have him? When the colored people put privileges heretofore enjoyed.

HANCOCK'S LETTER.

The Leading Points in it-He Defines the Duties of the National Executive and insists that the Results of the Late War Must be

ecepted in Good Faith-That Chines Slavery Must Not be Permitted Under Any Pretense, and that Congress Must Settle all Sectional Disputes.

NEW YORK, July 29 .- The Express says t was rumored to-day that General Hancock's letter of acceptance would be issued this evening, but at three o'clock this after noon it was definitely learned from a source that his letter will not be furnished to the public to-day. It is believed that the issuance of the letter only awaits the arrival of copies of Mr. English's letter of acceptance so that both letters may be issued simultaneously. An Express reporter this afternoon learned that General Hancock's letter has been ready and in print for several days. It was printed in the printing office on Governor's island, where official orders and kindred matters are printed. The general's letter is understood to be a short one. From persons believed to have a general knowledge of its substance, it is gathered that its chief

First.-That the President's duties are chiefly executive, and that, therefore, as a soldier acts in obedience to superior authority, the President must obey the constitution as the supreme law of the land, and obey and enforce the laws of congress, whose duty it is repeal laws when it is found that they have

Second .- That the political results of the war must be accepted and upheld in good faith. The constitutional amendments and laws enacted in pursuance thereof must be

Third .- The broadest Democratic ground will be taken on the Chinese question; that Columbia is an asylum and home for the oppressed of all lands, but she will not tolerate the enslavement of labor in any form, whether by foreign or local contract. Fourth.-That the duty of the Presi

dent to make recommendations to congress Is to be pursued in no narrow, but in a thor-

Kill Him, or Each Do Kill

DENVER, COL., July 29.—The Tribune's Santa Fe advices from Mexico state that on the twenty-first instant Colonel Adolfo Valles, in command of three hundred and seventy cavalry and one hundred and fifty inlantry, federal troops of Mexico, attacked the Apaches under Victoria, about forty miles from old Fort Quitman. The fight was indecisive. The Mexicans lost three men killed and ten horses, and the Indians lost four warriors and six horses. On the twenty-Toled July 29.—The Republican convention of the sixth congressional district met here to-day and nominated Hon. J. M. Ritchie for congress.

The Republican convention of the third congressional district neminated H. L. Morey, of Butler county, for congress, on the three hundred and sixty-seventh ballot, last night.

A BOLT.

decisive. The methods and the Indians lost follow and six horses. On the twenty-sixth the Mexican force again attacked the Indians in the Pine mountains, about fifty miles from the line. After a long fight the Indians retired; their loss is not known. The Mexicans lost their loss is not known. The Mexicans lost six killed. Colonel Valles intends to follow and attack them again. He is of the opinion that they will try to get back to New Meaico, in which case the colonel and eight comin which case the colonel and eight com-panies of the tenth cavalry, who are sta-tioned within forty miles of their crossing place, will doubtless be on their trail in a

Talmage in a Leadville Dancehouse Denver., July 29.—A Leadville special says that Rev. Mr. Talmage visited dance-houses and gambling dens to-night. After his giving a lecture at one of the dance-houses, a girl asked him to lead the set, but be declined.

Many of our young married people don't know what a blessing Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is until the youngster is able to "yell" by the Hdgrs. Chickasaw Guards.

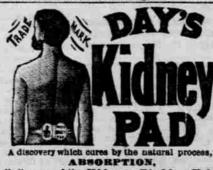
MEMPHIS, July 30, 1880.

OPECIAL ORDER—The members of this con mand are ordered to assemble at their armor in full dress uniform, this (FRIDAY) afternoon, 5:30 o'clock sharp, for dress parade.

By order 8. T. CARNES, Capt. Com'dg. RICH'D WRIGHT, First Sergeant. Hdqrs. Memphis Light Guards MEMPHIS, July 30, 1880.

PECIAL OBDER—The members of this command are ordered to assemble at their armory (coehran Hall), in full dress uniform, this FRIDAY) afternoon, at 5:30 o'clock, for dress parade.

By order JOHN D. WALDBON, Capt. Com'dg. E. M. APPERSON, Jr., First Sergeant.



all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder. Urin ary Organs and Nervous System, who nothing else can. It is comfortable to the patient positive in its effects, and the first cure for those painful and much-dreaded affections. Diabetes and Bright's Disease, DELICATE FEMALES

We say positively, and without fear of contradiction that DAY'S KIDNEY PAD is the only certain and permanent cure for every form of this prevalent and distressing complains.

suffering from nervous and physical debility, loss of memory, or vitality impaired by the errors of youth or too close application to business or work, may be restored and manhood regained.

Avoid all kidney medicines which are taken into the system by way of the stomach; it is an old treatment well tried and proven inefficient, though sometimes effecting apparent cures of one complaint they sow the seeds of more troublesome and permanent disorders. The price of our PAD brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills, medicines and plasters, which at best give but temporary relief. It can be used without fear or harm, and with certainty of a permanent cure. For sale by druggists generally, or sent by mail (free of postage) on receipt of price, Regular Pad, \$2; Child's Pad (for incontinence of urne in children), \$1 50; Special (extra size), \$3. Our book, "How a Lifte was Saved," giving the history of this new discovery and a large record of most remarkable cures, sent free. Write for it. Address DAY KIDAEY PAD CO, Toledo. CAUTION, owing to the many worthless kidney Pads now seeking a sale on our reputation, we deem it due to the afflicted to warn them. Ask for DAY'S KIDNEY PAD, and take no other.

Wholesale Agents.

The Louisville and Nashville Enjoined. CHOSSMON HOUSE,

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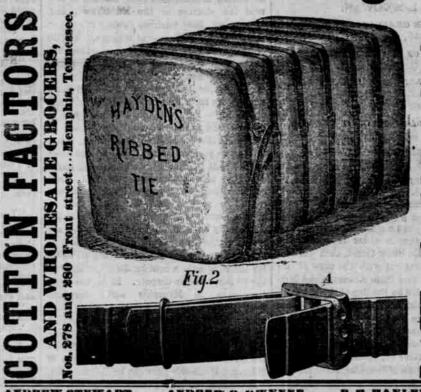
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